# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## Fragrance 49385217

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

**1.1 Product identifier** 

Product code	1	Fragrance 49385217
Product name	1	CITRUS TEA AND GINGER AFL

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Fragrance. Restricted to professional users. Industrial use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the	he	safety data sheet
Supplier's details	:	drom fragrances GmbH & Co. KG Oberdiller Straße 18 tel. +49 89 74425-0 fax. +49 89 7934966 D-82065 Baierbrunn
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	:	safety@drom.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number	: www.rshm.gov.tr
Supplier	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +49 89 74425 288 9h - 17h (Mo - Fr)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Product definition		Mixture		
Classification according	to Re	gulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]		
Skin Irrit. 2, H315				
Eye Dam. 1, H318				
Skin Sens. 1, H317				
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411				
		f the H statements declared above.		
See Section 11 for more de	etailec	I information on health effects and symptoms.		
2.2 Label elements				
Hazard pictograms		$\wedge$ $\wedge$ $\wedge$		
Signal word	:	Danger		
Signal word Hazard statements		Danger H318 - Causes serious eye damage.		
-		H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H315 - Causes skin irritation.		
-		H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Hazard statements	:	H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H315 - Causes skin irritation.		
-	:	H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Hazard statements	: <u>s</u>	<ul> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> </ul>		
Hazard statements Precautionary statements	: <u>s</u>	<ul> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>		



# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Response	: P305 + P351 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazardous ingredients	<ul> <li>citral dipentene geraniol</li> <li>2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-carbaldehyde</li> <li>3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten-2-one</li> <li>1-(2,6,6-trimethyl-3-cyclohexen-1-yl)-2-buten-1-one</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	

Other hazards which do	: None known.
not result in classification	

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1 Substances
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: Not applicable.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
<b>c</b> ítral	REACH #: 01-2119462829-23 EC: 226-394-6 CAS: 5392-40-5 Index: 605-019-00-3	21.00	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	[1]
linalool	REACH #: 01-2119474016-42 EC: 201-134-4 CAS: 78-70-6	15.11	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
dipentene	EC: 205-341-0 CAS: 138-86-3 Index: 601-029-00-7	9.96	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]
geraniol	REACH #: 01-2119552430-49 EC: 203-377-1 CAS: 106-24-1	4.14	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en- 1-carbaldehyde	EC: 268-264-1 CAS: 68039-49-6	3.00	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten- 2-one	EC: 204-846-3 CAS: 127-51-5	2.80	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	[1]
linalyl acetate	REACH #:	2.50	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1]



## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

	01-2119454789-19 EC: 204-116-4 CAS: 115-95-7		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
Ionone, methyl-	EC: 215-635-0 CAS: 1335-46-2	1.20	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
α,α-dimethylphenethyl butyrate	EC: 233-221-8 CAS: 10094-34-5	1.00	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
1-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 3-cyclohexen-1-yl)-2-buten- 1-one	EC: 260-709-8	0.30	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
	CAS: 57378-68-4		Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Hydrocarbon. (Content) : 10.24%

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid m	easures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	fects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/</u> <u>symptoms</u>	: Not available.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	on	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.



## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for
	chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- **For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- 6.2 Environmental precautions
   Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2	200	500
C9ii: Toxic for the environment	200	500

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Industrial use only.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

No exposure limit value known.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
¢îtral	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.14 mg/ cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.7 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.14 mg/ cm²	Consumers	Local
linalool	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.8 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	15 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	15 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.25 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.7 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.2 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

SECTION 6: Exposure com					
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	15 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	4.1 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.2 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	15 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	16.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
geraniol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	161.6 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/ cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	13.75 mg/ kg	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	47.8 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/ cm²	Consumers	Local
linalyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.75 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.68 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.25 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Consumers	Local

**PNECs** 

# **drom** FRAGRANCES

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
pîtral	Fresh water	0.00678 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.000678 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.125 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0125 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.0209 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	1.6 mg/l	-
	Intermittent release	0.0678 mg/l	-
linalool	Fresh water	0.2 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.02 mg/l	-
	Intermittent release	2 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	2.22 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.222 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.327 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	>10 mg/l	-
linalyl acetate	Fresh water	0.011 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0011 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0609 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.115 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	-
	Intermittent release	0.11 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.609 mg/kg	-

8.2 Exposure controls					
Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.				
Individual protection meas	<u>es</u>				
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working perior Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.				
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.				
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Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard sh be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indic this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufact check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	cates urer,
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the tab being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should approved by a specialist before handling this product.	be
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approv standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the pro and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislatio In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the proce equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	;	Characteristic.	
Odor	:	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
рН	:	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not available.	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 70°C	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	0.27 hPa	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Density	:	0.92 to 0.93 g/cm³ [20°C]	
Solubility in water	:	Non water-soluble liquid	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	;	Kinematic (40°C): <0.07 cm <sup>2</sup> /s	(Estimated.)
Explosive properties	:	Not available.	
Oxidizing properties	:	Not available.	

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
citral	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2250 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.45 g/kg	-
linalool	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5610 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	5610 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2790 mg/kg	-
dipentene	LD50 Oral	Rat	5300 mg/kg	-
geraniol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3600 mg/kg	-
2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en- 1-carbaldehyde	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3900 mg/kg	-
3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten- 2-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
linalyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13934 mg/kg	-
Ionone, methyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
α,α-dimethylphenethyl butyrate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
1-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 3-cyclohexen-1-yl)-2-buten-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
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# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

1-one					
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1821	mg/kg -	
Irritation/Corrosion		[]			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>c</b> ítral	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	48 hours 1 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	0 -
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Pig	-	48 hours 50 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	0 -
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	0 -
linalool	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	1 hours 0.1 Mililiters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	0 -
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 32 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	0 -
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	0 -
geraniol	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	30 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	0 -
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	48 hours 32 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Man	-	24 hours 16 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours 0.5 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	0 -
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# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
linalyl acetate	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-

## **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
geraniol	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/i	ingredient name	Result			
dipentene		ASPIRATION HAZARD	- Category 1		
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye dar	nage.			
Inhalation	: No known significant eff	fects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	May cause an allergic skin reactio	n.		
Ingestion	: No known significant eff	fects or critical hazards.			
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxico	logical characteristics			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may pain watering redness	include the following:			
Inhalation	: No specific data.				
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	include the following:			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may stomach pains	include the following:			
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>cts and also chronic effect</u>	<u>s from short and long term exp</u>	osure		
<u>Short term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Potential chronic health eff	iects				
General	: Once sensitized, a seve to very low levels.	re allergic reaction may occur wh	en subsequently exposed		
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant eff	fects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant eff	fects or critical hazards.			
Teratogenicity	: No known significant eff	fects or critical hazards.			
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant eff	fects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	: No known significant eff	fects or critical hazards.			
Interactive effects	: Not available.				
<u>Toxicokinetics</u>					
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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Absorption	: Not available.
Distribution	: Not available.
Metabolism	: Not available.
Elimination	: Not available.
Other information	: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zítral	Acute EC50 103.8 mg/l	Aquatic plants	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
linalool	Acute EC50 141.4 mg/l	Aquatic plants	96 hours
	Acute EC50 59 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours
	Acute LC50 27.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
dipentene	Acute EC50 28.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 20.2 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute IC50 13.798 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 31 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 38.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
geraniol	Acute EC50 13.1 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7.75 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en- 1-carbaldehyde	Acute EC50 22.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten- 2-one	Acute EC50 2.65 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
linalyl acetate	Acute EC50 15 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
lonone, methyl-	Acute EC50 7.1 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
α,α-dimethylphenethyl butyrate	Acute EC50 2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
1-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 3-cyclohexen-1-yl)-2-buten- 1-one	Acute LC50 0.977 mg/l	Fish	96 hours





# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
<b>ø</b> îtral	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	92 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
linalool	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	64.2 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
geraniol	OECD 301A Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test	100 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en- 1-carbaldehyde	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	<60 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten- 2-one	-	77 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
linalyl acetate	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	75 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Ionone, methyl-	-	81 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
α,α-dimethylphenethyl butyrate	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	82 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
1-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 3-cyclohexen-1-yl)-2-buten- 1-one	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	16 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

	1		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
øítral	-	-	Readily
linalool	-	-	Readily
geraniol	-	-	Readily
2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en- 1-carbaldehyde	-	-	Not readily
3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten- 2-one	-	-	Readily
linalyl acetate	-	-	Readily
Ionone, methyl-	-	-	Readily
α,α-dimethylphenethyl butyrate	-	-	Readily
1-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 3-cyclohexen-1-yl)-2-buten- 1-one	-	-	Not readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
øitral	2.76	89.72	low
linalool	2.84	-	low
dipentene	4.57	-	high
geraniol	2.6	-	low
linalyl acetate	3.9	173.9	low
lonone, methyl-	4.5 to 5	586.2	high
1-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 3-cyclohexen-1-yl)-2-buten- 1-one	4.2	-	high

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.

- vPvB : Not applicable.
- **12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.





# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods <u>Product</u>	;
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue	EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
16 03 05*	organic wastes containing dangerous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.2 UN proper shipping name LIQL 3-mo	VIRONMENTALLY ZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, UID, N.O.S. (dipentene, nethyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- yclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten-	UN3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (dipentene, 3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten- 2-one) 9	UN3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (dipentene, 3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten- 2-one) 9	
shipping nameHAZ LIQU 3-mi 2-cy 2-on14.3 Transport9	ZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, UID, N.O.S. (dipentene, nethyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- yclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten-	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (dipentene, 3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten- 2-one)	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (dipentene, 3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-buten- 2-one)	
•	<b>A</b> \	9	9	
14.4 Packing III group		III	111	
14.5Yes.Environmentalhazards	5.	Marine pollutant	Yes.	
information as a trans ≤5 k mee 4.1. <sup>-</sup> 1.1.8 Tun	sported in sizes of ≤5 L or kg, provided the packagings et the general provisions of .1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4. 1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4. 1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.	
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: Not applicable.



# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

			<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
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14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and envir	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 190	<u>17/2006 (REACH)</u>
Annex XIV - List of substa	nces subject to authorization
Annex XIV	
None of the components a	re listed.
Substances of very high	<u>concern</u>
None of the components a	re listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Registration status	
All components are listed	: China inventory (IECSC)
	Japan inventory
	Korea inventory
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
	Taiwan inventory (CSNN)
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b)
	Europe inventory (EINECS/ELINCS/ NLP)
	Canada inventory (DSL/NDSL)
	At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.
SECTION 16: Other i	nformation
Indicates information that I	nas changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic</li> </ul>
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

RRN = REACH Registration Number

#### vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classi	fication	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	(	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H315Causes skin irritaH317May cause an alleH318Causes serious eH319Causes serious eH400Very toxic to aquaH410Very toxic to aquaH411Toxic to aquatic li	wed. vallowed and enters airways. ation. ergic skin reaction. eye damage. eye irritation.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
Date of printing	: 2016-05-11	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 2016-05-11	
Date of previous issue	: 2016-01-04	
Version	: 3	
Notice to reader		

#### Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

