

SAFETY DATA SHEET Airoma Wild Flowers 3000 (USA)

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name Airoma Wild Flowers 3000 (USA)

Internal identification AIROMA-WILD

Container size 7oz., 198.5g

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Air freshener

Uses advised against Use only for intended applications.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Vectair Systems Inc.

2095 Spicer Cove, Covington Way Distribution Centre, Memphis, TN 38134, USA

+1 901 373 7818

info@vectairsystems.com

Contact Person Product development

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Vectair Systems Inc +1 901 373 7818 (during normal office hours)

National emergency telephone INFOTRAC +1 800 535 5053 INTERNATIONAL +1 352 323 3500

number

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Aquatic Acute 2 - H401 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Classification in accordance with Directive 1907/2006/EEC

Label elements

Hazard symbols





Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P261 Avoid breathing vapor/ spray.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P412 Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains acetone, Hexyl cinnamal, Benzyl salicylate, 4-(4-Hydroxy-4-methylpentyl)cyclohex-3-

enecarbaldehyde, Geraniol, 2-Methyl-3-(p-isopropylphenyl)propionaldehyde

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

acetone					30-60%

CAS number: 67-64-1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether 10-30%

CAS number: 111-90-0

Classification

Not Classified

propane 10-30%

CAS number: 74-98-6

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220

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isobutane	5-10%
CAS number: 75-28-5	
Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220	

Benzyl salicylate

CAS number: 118-58-1

Classification

Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Hexyl cinnamal

CAS number: 101-86-0

M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification

Skin Sens. 1B - H317

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

(Z)-3-hexenyl salicylate
CAS number: 65405-77-8
M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

4-(4-Hydroxy-4-methylpentyl)cyclohex-3-enecarbaldehyde

CAS number: 31906-04-4

Classification
Skin Sens. 1A - H317

2-Phenylethanol
CAS number: 60-12-8

Classification
Acute Tox. 4 - H302
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

Geranyl acetate <1%

CAS number: 105-87-3

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1B - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Geraniol <1%

CAS number: 106-24-1

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

2-Methyl-3-(p-isopropylphenyl)propionaldehyde

<1%

CAS number: 103-95-7

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1B - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used. Get medical

attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on

their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water

or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin Contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any

sensitization symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove

contamination with soap and water or recognized skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention

if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

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Protection of first aiders

First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Not

considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic

effect.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Due to the physical

nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Repeated exposure

may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder

or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. If

aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities

used

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapors.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping

the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate

authorities.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will

provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapors. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Keep away from oxidizing materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class

Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

Specific end uses(s)

Supersedes date: 7/11/2019

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Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient

Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Color Colorless.

Odor Floral.

Odor threshold Not known.

pH Not relevant.

Melting point Not available.

Initial boiling point and range 86°C @
Flash point -104°C
Evaporation rate Not known.
Evaporation factor Not known.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2.1 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 13.8 %

Vapor pressure 480000 Pa @ 21°C

Vapor density

Relative density

Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Soluble in water.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not known.

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidizing properties There are no chemical groups present in the product that are associated with oxidizing

properties.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised

container: may burst if heated

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Materials to avoid

No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

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Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, disziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic

effect.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Due to the physical

nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin Contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Repeated exposure

may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs Central nervous system

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bio-Accumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners

may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents.

Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

14. Transport information

UN Number

UN No. (TDG) 1950

UN No. (IMDG) 1950 **UN No. (ICAO)** 1950

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG) AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Transport hazard class(es)

TDG class 2.1
TDG label(s) 2.1
IMDG Class 2.1
ICAO class/division 2.1

Transport labels



Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance

No.

Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA 313 Emission Reporting

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether

1.0 %

CAA Accidental Release Prevention

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Essential Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether

Present.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Minnesota "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether

Present.

New Jersey "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Inventories

US - TSCA

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether

Present.

(Z)-3-hexenyl salicylate

Present.

4-(4-Hydroxy-4-methylpentyl)cyclohex-3-enecarbaldehyde

Present.

2-Phenylethanol

Present.

Geranyl acetate

Present.

Benzyl salicylate

Present.

Geraniol

Present.

Hexyl cinnamal

Present.

2-Methyl-3-(p-isopropylphenyl)propionaldehyde

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

16. Other information

General information This product is considered to be a small package and is labeled according to the relevant

provisions of the legislation.

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material.

Revision comments Administrative changes - does not effect the label

Issued by Compliance Lead - Vectair Systems

Revision date 10/9/2019

Revision 2

Supersedes date 7/11/2019

SDS No. 4902

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.