

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: 21004 SSS Tremendo All Purpose Cleaner

Other means of identification

SDS number: RE1000025895

Recommended restrictions

Product use: Cleaner

Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

Manufacturer

Company Name: Triple S
Address: 2 Executive Park Dr
Billerica, MA 01862
Telephone: 1-800-323-2251
Fax:

Emergency telephone number: 1-888-779-1339

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable aerosol Category 1

Health Hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1

Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment Category 3

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement: Extremely flammable aerosol.
Causes serious eye damage.
Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Response:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
Storage:	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	111-76-2	1 - <5%
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	3 - <5%
Butane	106-97-8	1 - <5%
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	64-02-8	1 - <5%
Propane	74-98-6	0.1 - <1%
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	151-21-3	0.1 - <1%
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	1310-73-2	0.1 - <1%

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion:	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air.
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact:	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms:	No data available.
Hazards:	No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment:	No data available.
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5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards:	Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
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Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures: No data available.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures: Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Do not get in eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Aerosol Level 1

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	TWA	20 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	25 ppm 120 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	5 ppm 24 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	50 ppm 240 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	REL	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Butane	STEL	1,000 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)

	TWA	800 ppm	1,900 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Propane	REL	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	Ceiling		2 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	Ceiling		2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceil_Time		2 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL		2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Ammonium hydroxide ((NH4)(OH))	STEL	35 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	25 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	35 ppm	27 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	35 ppm	27 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	REL	25 ppm	18 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	50 ppm	35 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one, 1,7,7-trimethyl-	REL		2 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	2 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	3 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	PEL		2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA		2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Acetic acid, phenylmethyl ester	TWA	10 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
1,4-Dioxane	TWA	25 ppm	90 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceil_Time	1 ppm	3.6 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	20 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	PEL	100 ppm	360 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Ethylene Oxide	Ceil_Time	5 ppm	9 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	STEL	5 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	OSHA_ACT	0.5 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	REL	0.1 ppm	0.18 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	5 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)

Biological Limit Values

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Ethanol, 2-butoxy- (Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	200 mg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Ethylene Oxide (S-(2-hydroxyethyl) mercapturic acid (HEMA): Sampling time: End of shift.)	5 µg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2018)
Ethylene Oxide (N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-valine (HEV) hemoglobin adducts: Sampling time: Not critical.)	5000 pmol/g (Hemoglobin adducts)	ACGIH BEL (03 2018)

Appropriate Engineering Controls

No data available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:	Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
Eye/face protection:	Wear a full-face respirator, if needed. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.
Skin Protection	
Hand Protection:	No data available.
Other:	No data available.
Respiratory Protection:	In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor.
Hygiene measures:	Do not get in eyes. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using do not smoke.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:	liquid
Form:	Spray Aerosol
Color:	No data available.
Odor:	No data available.
Odor threshold:	No data available.
pH:	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	No data available.
Flash Point:	-104.44 °C
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available.
Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Flammability limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	2,757.9029 - 4,136.8544 hPa (20 °C)
Vapor density:	No data available.
Density:	No data available.
Relative density:	No data available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	No data available.
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available.
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity:	No data available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No data available.
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	No data available.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid heat or contamination.
Incompatible Materials:	No data available.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	No data available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.
Ingestion:	No data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.
Ingestion:	No data available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral	
Product:	ATEmix: 9,247.19 mg/kg
Dermal	
Product:	ATEmix: 11,030.39 mg/kg
Inhalation	
Product:	ATEmix: 412.37 mg/l ATEmix : 31.12 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	NOAEL (Rabbit(Female, Male), Dermal, 90 d): > 150 mg/kg Dermal Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female), Oral, 90 d): < 82 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female), Inhalation, 2 yr): < 31 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 d): >= 500 mg/kg Oral Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study

Butane	LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediybis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 103 Weeks): >= 500 mg/kg Oral Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study LOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation, 1 - 5 d): 30 mg/m ³ Inhalation Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study
Propane	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 482 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Supporting study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 2 yr): 0.15 %(m) Oral Experimental result, Supporting study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Experimental result, Key study
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Weight of Evidence study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediybis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Experimental result, Key study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Irritating
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Irritating.
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	Corrosive Rabbit, 2 d: 10% Sodium Hydroxide- Category 1; 0.5% Sodium Hydroxide-Slightly irritating to eyes

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediybis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Carcinogenicity

Product: No data available.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: No data available.

In vivo

Product: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard

Product: No data available.

Other effects: No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy- LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 1,474 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated LC 50 (96 h): 0.9 mg/l
LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 5 - 7 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Butane LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediybis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4) LC 50 (Lepomis macrochirus, 96 h): 121 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
NOAEL (Lepomis macrochirus, 96 h): 88 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Propane LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1) LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 29 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH)) LC 50 (Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis), 96 h): 125 mg/l Mortality
LC 50 (Gambusia affinis, 96 h): < 180 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s):	
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1,550 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 2.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Butane	LC 50 (Daphnia sp., 48 h): 69.43 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 24 h): 610 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1.8 mg/l Experimental result, Not specified
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	EC 50 (Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia), 48 h): 34.59 - 47.13 mg/l Intoxication

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s):	
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	NOAEL (Danio rerio): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	NOAEL (Pimephales promelas): 0.16 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Weight of Evidence study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	NOAEL (Danio rerio): >= 25.7 mg/l Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	NOAEL (Pimephales promelas): > 1.357 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s):	
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 297 mg/l Experimental result, Key study EC 10 (Daphnia magna): 134 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 1.75 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Weight of Evidence study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 25 mg/l Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	NOAEL (Ceriodaphnia dubia): 1.2 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product:	No data available.
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Specified substance(s):

Sulfuric acid
monododecyl ester
sodium salt (1:1) EC 50 (Green algae (*Selenastrum capricornutum*), 48 h): 706 - 5,918 mg/l
Mortality

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy- 90.4 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Alcohols, C9-11,
ethoxylated 100 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across based on grouping of
substances (category approach), Weight of Evidence study

Butane 100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Glycine, N,N'-1,2-
ethanediylbis[N-
(carboxymethyl)-, sodium
salt (1:4) 90 - 100 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting
substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Weight of Evidence study

Propane 100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
50 % (3.19 d) Detected in water. QSAR, Weight of Evidence study

Sulfuric acid
monododecyl ester
sodium salt (1:1) 94 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study
95 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

BOD/COD Ratio

Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Alcohols, C9-11,
ethoxylated Pimephales promelas, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 237 Aquatic sediment
Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate),
Key study

Glycine, N,N'-1,2-
ethanediylbis[N-
(carboxymethyl)-, sodium
salt (1:4) Lepomis macrochirus, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 1.8 Aquatic sediment
Experimental result, Key study

Sulfuric acid
monododecyl ester
sodium salt (1:1) Carp (*Cyprinus carpio*), Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 50 (Flow through)

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Alcohols, C9-11,
ethoxylated Log Kow: 3.3 - 3.73 Yes QSAR, Weight of Evidence study

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Ethanol, 2-butoxy- No data available.
Alcohols, C9-11,
ethoxylated No data available.
Butane No data available.

Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediybis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	No data available.
Propane	No data available.
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	No data available.
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	No data available.

Other adverse effects: Harmful to aquatic organisms.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

Contaminated Packaging: No data available.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	–
Packing Group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	No
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IMDG

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2
Label(s):	–
EmS No.:	
Packing Group:	–
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IATA

UN Number:	UN 1950
Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es):	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	–
Packing Group:	–
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

Restrictions on use: Not known.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>OSHA hazard(s)</u>
Ethylene Oxide	Eye irritation respiratory tract irritation Skin irritation Skin sensitization Acute toxicity Cancer Central nervous system Reproductive toxicity Mutagenicity Flammability

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
Butane	lbs. 100
Propane	lbs. 100
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	lbs. 1000
Ammonium hydroxide ((NH4)(OH))	lbs. 1000
1,4-Dioxane	lbs. 100
Ethylene Oxide	lbs. 10

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Fire Hazard
Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards
Flammable aerosol
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>	<u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>
Ethylene Oxide	lbs. 10	lbs. 1000

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	
Butane	lbs. 100
Propane	lbs. 100
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	lbs. 1000
Ammonium hydroxide ((NH4)(OH))	lbs. 1000
1,4-Dioxane	lbs. 100
Ethylene Oxide	lbs. 10

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>
Ethylene Oxide	lbs
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	10000 lbs
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	10000 lbs

Butane	10000 lbs
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediybis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	10000 lbs
Propane	10000 lbs
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	10000 lbs
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	10000 lbs
Ammonium hydroxide ((NH4)(OH))	10000 lbs
Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one, 1,7,7-trimethyl-	10000 lbs
Acetic acid, phenylmethyl ester	10000 lbs
1,4-Dioxane	10000 lbs

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reporting threshold for other users</u>	<u>Reporting threshold for manufacturing and processing</u>
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	N230 lbs	N230 lbs.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

1,4-Dioxane	Carcinogenic. 05 2011
Ethylene Oxide	Female reproductive toxin. 03 2008
Ethylene Oxide	Carcinogenic. 05 2011
Ethylene Oxide	Male reproductive toxin. 08 2009
Ethylene Oxide	Developmental toxin. 08 2009

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical Identity

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-
Butane

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Chemical Identity

Glycine, N,N-bis(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:3)

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Chemical Identity

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-
Butane

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

International regulations

Montreal protocol

Not applicable

Stockholm convention

Not applicable

Rotterdam convention

Not applicable

Kyoto protocol
Not applicable

Inventory Status:

Australia AICS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada DSL Inventory List:	On or in compliance with the inventory
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan (ENCS) List:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Canada NDSL Inventory:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Philippines PICCS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
US TSCA Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Japan ISHL Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Mexico INSQ:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Ontario Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date: 10/03/2019

Revision Information: No data available.

Version #: 1.0

Further Information: No data available.

Disclaimer: This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.