Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur SECTION VI – HEALTH HAZARD DATA

SECTION V - PHYSICAL HAZARDS

flames, etc.

Stability;

NFPA RATING: Houth ...

HM15 RATING: Health =

accident involving chamicals.)

Compensats (Specific Chemical Identity: Common Name(s)

Petroleum distillate (ion alkanes)

V.O.C. = 767.7 gm/1; V.O.S.= 6.4 lbs./gailon

Bolking Point: > 300%

Vaper Frenzie (mm Hg):

Vapor Density (AIR = $\overline{1}$):

Solublity in Water: negligible

Address-

d-Limonene

Routes of entry: Inhalation? Yes Skin? Yes HEALTH HAZARDS (I. Acute and 2. Chronic)

Flammability =

Flammability =

64741-65-7

5989-27-5

5.1

130°F (T.C.C.) average

/ 2

302 North Fourth Street

St. Joseph, MO 64501

Manufacturer's Name: HILLYARD INDUSTRIES

1. Product is a primary skin irritant per Pedaral Hazardous Substance Act; however it is not an eye irritant per the Federal Hazardous Substance Act testing procedure. Acuse oral limit test produced no mortality at 5 gm /kg. Harmful if swallowed. Causes nose and throat irritation. May affect the hrain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Couses nose and throat irritation. Prolonged overexposure can cause skin irritation. Notice: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvent with permanent brain and nervous system damage, intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal, 2. None Chemical listed as Carrinogen or Potential Cercinogen:

National Toxicology Program -Nυ I.A.R.C. Monographs -This product has no careinogens listed by IARC, NTP, NIOSH, or ACGIH as of this date, greater than or equal to 0.1%. Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Overexposure may cause note and throat irritation, and skin irritation, liver damage, kidney damage. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nauses, vomiting and diarrhea

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Skin problems such as industrial dermetitis. Individuals with chronic respiratory disorders such as asthma, chronic bronchitis, emphysicas, etc., may be adversely affected by exposure to