SECTION 1: Identification of the sub	stance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	stance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
Product form	: Mixture
Product name	: Strip Off
Product code	: 212
	tance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixture	: Floor Stripper
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety of	
MSM, Inc.	
1101 E. Francisco Blvd.	
San Rafael, CA 94901 - USA T 415-258-0550 - F 415-258-0564	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: 415-258-0550
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance or m	lixture
Classification (GHS-US)	
Skin Corr. 1B H314	
Eye Dam. 1 H318 Skin Sens. 1 H317	
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16	
2.2. Label elements	
GHS-US labeling Hazard pictograms	
	GHS05 GHS07
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Drocoutioner / etetemente	Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statements	: Do not breathe fume, mist, vapors. Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling.
	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
	Wear eye protection, face protection, protective gloves, protective clothing.
	If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with
	water/shower.
	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	Store locked up.
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with Local, State, and Federal regulations.
2.2 Hazard not otherwise classified (UN	

2.3. Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

## Strip Off

Safety Data Sheet

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

(NOTE: If component displays the \* (asterisk) symbol, the following statement applies.)

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
2-butoxyethanol	(CAS No) 111-76-2	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
sodium hydroxide	(CAS No) 1310-73-2	5 - 10	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314
2-aminoethanol	(CAS No) 141-43-5	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314
2-(diethylamino)ethanol	(CAS No) 100-37-8	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Corr. 18, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

(NOTE: If component displays the \* (asterisk) symbol, the following statement applies.)

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.</li> </ul>
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effe	cts, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes burns/corrosion of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Vomiting. Diarrhea. Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Possible esophageal perforation. Bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Shock. AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Disturbances of consciousness.
4.3 Indication of any immediate medic	al attention and special treatment needed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measur	
5.1. Extinguishing media	<b>6</b> 3
Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol-resistant foam. BC powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand/earth.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: No unsuitable extinguishing media known.
0 0	
5.2. Special hazards arising from th	
Reactivity	: Reacts violently with (strong) acids. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	: No additional information available.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	measures
6.1. Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Isolate from fire, if possible, without unnecessary risk. Eliminate every possible source of ignition.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment	: Protective goggles.
	Protective gloves.
	Face-shield.
	Protective clothing.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.	Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up
For containment	: Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Heat exposure: dilute toxic gas/vapor with water spray.
Methods for cleaning up	: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. College spillage. Store away from other materials. Small quantities of liquid spill: neutralize with dilute acid solution. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
See Heading 8. Exposure controls and per	sonal protection.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	ge
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe fume, mist, or vapors. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Comply with applicable regulations.
Incompatible products	: Oxidizing agent. Strong acids.
Storage area	: Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/	personal protection
8.1. Control parameters	

sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³

2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppr		20 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (pp	m)	20 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA	A) (mg/m³)	97 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA	(ppm)	20 ppm
2-(diethylamino)ethanol (100	-37-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppr	n)	2 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (pp	m)	2 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	9.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA	(ppm)	2 ppm
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	1		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppr	n)	3 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (pp	,	3 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA	•	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA		0.46 ppm
		(Phin)	0.10 ppm
8.2. Exposure controls		A	
Personal protective equipment	:	Avoid all unnecessary exposure.	
Hand protection		Wear protective gloves.	
Eye protection		Chemical goggles or face shield.	
Skin and body protection	-	Wear suitable protective clothing.	
Respiratory protection	:	Where exposure through inhalation n	nay occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is
Other information	recommended.		ko
Other information       : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before			
Tree and anglicering control	ppropriate engineering controls : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.		
<b>SECTION 9: Physical an</b>	d chemical pro	operties	
9.1. Information on basic	physical and che	mical properties	
Physical state	:	Liquid	
Color	:	Clear blue-green	
Odor	:	Floral	
Odor threshold	:	No data available	
рН	:	13 - 14	
Melting point	:	No data available	
Freezing point	:	No data available	
Boiling point	:	No data available	
Flash point	:	> 200 °F	
Relative evaporation rate (butyl	acetate=1) :	No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available	
Explosive limits	:	No data available	
Vapor pressure : M		No data available	
Vapor density	:	No data available	
Specific Gravity @ 77º F		1.055 - 1.075	
Solubility		Water: Complete	
Partition Coefficient n-Octanol-W	Vater	No data available	
Auto-ignition temperature		No data available	
5		No data available	
		No data available	

9.2. Other information VOC content : < 141 g/I CARB VOC Page 4 of 9 EN (English US) Product Code:212

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity			
10.1.	Reactivity		
Reacts violently with (strong) acids. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.			
10.2.	Chemical stability		
Stable under recommended conditions.			
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Not esta	ablished.		
10.4.	Conditions to avoid		
Extremely high or low temperatures.			
10.5.	Incompatible materials		
Strong acids. Oxidizers.			
10.6.	Hazardous decomposition products		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicological effe		
Acute toxicity	: Not classified	
sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	1350 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature)	
ATE US (dermal)	1350.000 mg/kg body weight	
2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2) LD50 oral rat	530 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature study; 1746 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	435 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity; 435 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Weight of evidence; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	2.17 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; 2.35 mg/l/4h; Rat; Experimental value)	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	450-486,Rat; Weight of evidence	
ATE US (oral)	530.000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	435.000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (gases)	700.000 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	2.170 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	2.170 mg/l/4h	
2-(diethylamino)ethanol (100-37-8)		
LD50 oral rat	1320 mg/kg (Rat)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	1109 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
ATE US (oral)	1320.000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	1109.000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (gases)	4500.000 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	11.000 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h	
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)		
LD50 oral rat	1720 mg/kg (Rat)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	1018 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
ATE US (oral)	1720.000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	1018.000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (gases)	4500.000 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	11.000 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	pH: 13 - 14 : Causes serious eye damage. pH: 13 - 14	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Des durat Os da 040		

Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
IARC group	3 - Not Classifiable
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes burns/corrosion of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Vomiting. Diarrhea. Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Possible esophageal perforation. Bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Shock. AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Disturbances of consciousness.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity

sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
LC50 fish 1	45.4 mg/l (96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Solution >=50%)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	40.4 mg/l (48 h; Ceriodaphnia sp.; Nominal concentration)	
LC50 fish 2	189 mg/l (48 h; Leuciscus idus)	
TLM fish 1	99 mg/l (48 h; Lepomis macrochirus)	
TLM fish 2	125 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis)	
2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)		
LC50 fish 1	116 ppm (96 h; Cyprinodon variegatus; Nominal concentration)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	1700 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia sp.; Nominal concentration)	
LC50 fish 2	1341 ppm (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus)	
EC50 Daphnia 2	1720 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)	
TLM fish 1	100 - 1000,96 h; Pisces	
TLM other aquatic organisms 1	100 - 1000,96 h	
Threshold limit algae 1	900 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda)	
Threshold limit algae 2	35 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa)	
2-(diethylamino)ethanol (100-37-8)		
LC50 fish 1	100 - 220 mg/l (96 h; Leuciscus idus)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	83.6 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)	
LC50 fish 2	1780 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas)	
Threshold limit algae 1	30 mg/l (72 h; Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)		
LC50 fish 1	150 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	140 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)	
LC50 fish 2	329.16 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus)	
TLM fish 1	100 - 1000,96 h; Pisces	
TLM other aquatic organisms 1	100 - 1000,96 h	
Threshold limit algae 1	0.97 mg/l (192 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Inhibitory)	
Threshold limit algae 2	35 mg/l (72 h; Algae)	
2.2. Persistence and degradability		
sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		

	Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test) data on mobility of the substance available.	
_			
_		_	

sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	
	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable
2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.71 g O2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.20 g O2/g substance
ThOD	2.305 g O2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.31 % ThOD
2-(diethylamino)ethanol (100-37-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.002 g O2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.76 g O2/g substance
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.80 g O2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.34 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.49 g O2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.32 % ThOD
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.
2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Log Pow	0.81 (Experimental value; BASF test; 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
2-(diethylamino)ethanol (100-37-8)	
Log Pow	0.21 - 0.46
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Log Pow Bioaccumulative potential	-1.91 Bioaccumulation: not applicable.
12.4. Other adverse effects	
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with Local, State, and Federal regulations.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 14: Transport information	on
14.1. UN Number	
UN-No.(DOT)	: 1760

Other information	: Under 49 CFR 173.154(c) and (b)(1): This product may be shipped as ORM-D or Limited Quantity if the inner packagings do not exceed 1 L (0.3 gallons) or 1.0 kg (2.2 lbs). This provision does not apply to transportation by vessel or aircraft, except where other means of transportation is impracticable.
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
DOT Proper Shipping Name Hazard labels (DOT)	<ul> <li>: UN1760, Corrosive Liquids, N.O.S. (Sodium Hydroxide, Ethanolamine), 8, PGII</li> <li>: 8 - Corrosive</li> </ul>
	CORROSIVE 8

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 101(14) of CERCLA as published on EPA's List of Lists) :	1000 lb	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
2-(diethylamino)ethanol (100-37-8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard	

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

**EU-Regulations** No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

15.2.2. National regulations

### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product contains, or may contain, trace quantities of a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity

Prop 65 Comments

:Diethanolamine (CAS#111-42-2): < 75.4 ppm Methanol (CAS#67-56-1): < 0.1131%

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations Legend:

Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Disclaimer

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product

Revision date: 10/28/2014 Supersedes: 03/27/2013 Version: 1.0