MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET







Divercid

HMIS NFPA			Personal protective equipment		
Health	3	3	en hin		
Fire Hazard	0	0			
Reactivity	0	0			

Version Number: 2 Preparation date: 2005-05-20

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Divercid

MSDS #: 267900609001

Product code: 267900609001, 3418859, 3418867, 3418875

Recommended use: Laundry care.

Manufacturer, importer, supplier:

US Headquarters
JohnsonDiversey, Inc.
8310 16th St.

Sturtevant, Wisconsin 53177-0902 Phone: 1-888-352-2249

Emergency telephone number:

MSDS Internet Address: www.johnsondiversey.com Canadian Headquarters JohnsonDiversey - Canada, Inc.

2401 Bristol Circle Oakville, Ontario L6H 6P1 Phone: 1-800-668-3131

1-800-851-7145 (Prosar); 1-651-917-6133 (Int'l Prosar); 01-800-710-3400 (México)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER. CORROSIVE. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. FIRST AID: Responders should put on appropriate personal protective equipment (goggles & gloves) to protect themselves before assisting victims. Burns may not be immediately obvious or painful. Can cause hypocalcemia resulting in possibly fatal, delayed ventricular fibrillation.

Principle routes of exposure: Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Skin contact: Corrosive. May cause permanent damage. Also very toxic in contact with skin.

Eye contact: Corrosive. Causes permanent eye damage, including blindness.

Inhalation: May cause irritation and corrosive effects to nose, throat and respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Causes burns to mouth, throat and stomach. If ingested, ammonium bifluoride may disrupt the body's

Causes burns to mouth, throat and stomach. It ingested, ammonium bifluoride may disrupt the body's electrolyte balance by binding essential metal ions such as magnesium and calcium (hypocalcemia) which may disrupt normal heart and nervous system functions. Disruptions to the body's potassium balance (hyperkalemia) may also occur. Effects may appear immediately or be delayed as much as 4 hours after exposure. Death usually results from uncontrollable ventricular fibrillation. Intravenous calcium chloride or gluconate may be indicated to prevent hypocalcemia. Consultation with a medical toxicologist is advised.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS

Ingredient	CAS#	Weight %	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ammonium bifluoride	1341-49-7	10 - 20%	Not available	Not available	Not available
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	1 - 5%	15.2 mg/kg (rat)	Not available	1276 ppm/1H (rat)

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact:

Immediately flush eyes for 15 minutes with flowing water. Take the victim to a physician as soon as possible. If possible, apply ice water compresses during transport.

Skin contact:

Responders should put on appropriate personal protective equipment to protect themselves before assisting victims. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush the affected area for five minutes with large amounts of water. While the victim is being rinsed with water, have someone call to arrange medical treatment. If the exposure is to the eyes face, groin, or covers a large area, call 911. For smaller exposure, (i.e. A few drops on the skin), call a physician or poison control center. Immediately after flushing with water start massaging 2.5% calcium glucagon gel into the burn site. Responders must wear gloves when applying the gel to prevent secondary HF burns to their hands. Apply the gel every 15 minutes and massage until pain/redness ceases or professional medical care is available.

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Inhalation: Immediately move the victim to fresh air. Call 911. Inhalation of HF fumes may cause swelling in the

respiratory tract up to 24 hours after exposure. Persons who have inhaled HF fumes may need

prophylactic oxygen treatment and should be seen by a physician as soon as possible.

Ingestion: DO NOT induce vomiting. If able to swallow, offer sips of water or milk. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION

IMMEDIATELY. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Aggravated Medical Conditions: Persons with pre-existing skin disorders may be more susceptable to irritating effects

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:The product is not flammable. Dry chemical, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide. **Specific hazards:**The product is not flammable. Dry chemical, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide.

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Unusual hazards: Corrosive material (See sections 8 and 10).

Specific methods:Autoignition temperature:
No special methods required.
No information available.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or

equivalent) and full protective gear

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: No information available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8.).

Environmental precautions Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Use a

and clean-up methods: water rinse for final clean-up.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use only with adequate ventilation. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and footwear before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Product residue may remain on/in empty containers. All precautions for handling the product must be used in handling the empty container and residue. FOR COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. **Storage:**

Protect from freezing. Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures to reduce exposure:

General room ventilation is adequate.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye protection: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection: Chemical resistant gloves. Includes. rubber gloves.

Skin and body protection: If major exposure is possible, wear suitable protective clothing and footwear.

Respiratory protection: No special requirements under normal use conditions. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable

respiratory equipment.

Hygiene measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice . Keep away from food, drink and

animal feeding stuffs . Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing .

Ingredient	CAS#	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Ammonium bifluoride	1341-49-7	2.5 mg/m ³ (TWA)	2.5 mg/m ³ F_	2.5 mg/m ³ (TWA)
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	2 ppm (Ceiling) 0.5 ppm (TWA) 2.5 mg/m³ (TWA)	2.5 mg/m ³ F_	2.5 mg/m³ (Ceiling) 2.5 mg/m³ (TWA)

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Appearance: Liquid Liquid Color: Clear to Hazv Boiling point/range: Not determined Odorless Melting point/range: Not determined Odor: Specific gravity: 1.050 3.75 pH: Dilution pH: 3.9 (1%) Density: 1.050

Bulk density:No information availableDecomposition temperature:Not determinedVapor density:No information availableAutoignition temperature:No information availableEvaporation rate:No information availableSolubility:Soluble

Solubility in other No information available Solubility: Solubility in other No information available VOC: 0

solvents:
Viscosity: No information

Viscosity: No information available Flash point: >200 (°F) >93.3 (°C)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): No information available

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: The product is stable

Polymerization: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur

Hazardous decomposition products: None reasonably foreseeable

Materials to avoid: Acids.

Conditions to avoid: Do not freeze.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Information: See Section 3

Chronic toxicity: Repeated exposure to high levels of fluoride through ingestion, inhalation, [or dermal absorption- if posing

a skin absorption hazard] can cause fluorosis. The primary target is the skeletal system. Effects can include osteoporosis, increased bone density, mottled tooth enamel, and calcification of ligaments.

Specific effects

Carcinogenic effects: None known Mutagenic effects: None known Reproductive toxicity: None known

Target organ effects: Hydrofluoric Acid (HF) readily penetrates skin, allowing it to destroy soft tissues and decalcify bone. Acute

effects of exposure to concentrated (>5%) HF include severe pain, respiratory irritation, severe eye damage, and pulmonary edema. Exposure to less concentrated solutions may have equally serious but delayed effects. Even though HF is chemically defined as a "weak" acid it has a considerable ability to cause severe tissue damage and death. A splash of HF to more than 25% of the body can be fatal and requires immediate medical attention. Death has been reported from contact with strong HF solutions (>50%) to as little as 10% of the body's surface area HF spills contacting the eyes, face, groin and large

surface areas of the body require immediate medical attention.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Information: When used for its intended purpose this product should not cause adverse effects in the environment

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues / unused products:

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT/TDG: Please refer to the Bill of Lading/receiving documents for up to date shipping information

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

All components of this product are listed on the following inventories: U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), Korea (ECL), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS), China (IECSC).

U.S. Regulations

California Proposition 65: This product is not subject to the reporting requirements under California's Proposition 65

STATE RIGHT TO KNOW

Ingredient	CAS#	MARTK:	NJRTK:	PARTK:	RIRTK:	ILRTK:	CTRTK:
Water	7732-18-5	-	-	-	•	-	-
Ammonium bifluoride	1341-49-7	Listed	Listed	Listed	Listed	Listed	Listed
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	Listed	-	-	-	Listed	-

CERCLA / SARA

Ingredient	CAS#	Weight %	CERCLA/SARA RQ (lbs)	Section 302 TPQ (lbs)	Section 313
Ammonium bifluoride	1341-49-7	10 - 20%	100		
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	1 - 5%	100	100	Listed.

CAA HAP/CAA ODS/CWA Priority Pollutants: None

Ingredient	CAA HAP	CAA ODS	CWA Priority Pollutants
Hydrofluoric acid	Listed.		

Canada

WHMIS hazard class: E Corrosive material, D1A Very toxic materials.

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Ingredient	CAS#	NPRI
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason for revision:
Prepared by:
Additional advice:
Not applicable
NAPRAC
None

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